Every year, 1.7 million individuals in the U.S. sustain a traumatic brain injury (TBI), and more than 10,000 of those are Alabama residents. The nature of TBI requires specialized providers and individualized supports. Without timely access to expert care management and customized services, these children and adults are unable to live healthy, independent, satisfying lives.

In response to this need, the Alabama Legislature in 1992 gave the Impaired Drivers Trust Fund Advisory Board the responsibility of facilitating a comprehensive system of services for Alabamians with head and spinal cord injury. The following year, the Legislature passed Act 93-323, establishing the Impaired Drivers Trust Fund (IDTF) and imposing an additional $100 fine on persons convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs, with proceeds allocated to the IDTF. Each year, these proceeds are used as payer of last resort for costs of care provided to Alabamians who live with TBI or spinal cord injury (SCI). County clerks collect the money and deposit it into the state treasury. The funds are included in the Alabama Department of Rehabilitation Services (ADRS) budget, and ADRS disperses monies in accordance with criteria established by the board.

In 2016, the law was amended (Act 16-259) to change the name to the Alabama Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund to more accurately represent who is being served with the revenue. Case management, counseling, pre-vocational services, cognitive remediation, family education, community resource provision, respite care, recreational supports, and attendant care are provided by programs within ADRS and the Alabama Head Injury Foundation. These services are made possible by the trust fund and enable Alabamians with TBI and SCI to strive for and achieve an improved quality of life following injury.

In 2018, House Bill 14 was signed into law, which amended the driving under the influence law. It requires a mandatory $100 fee be collected from any individuals who successfully complete any pretrial diversion program and deposited into the Alabama Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund. Alabama’s TBI program also received $250,000 in Fiscal Year 2019 supplemental appropriations and another $250,000 in line-item appropriations for Fiscal Year 2020. While this will not completely provide level program funding statewide, it is a big step toward ensuring services and supports for more Alabamians with TBI.

In 2020, Covid-19 presented challenges in the areas of in-person community services, respite care and support groups. Individual and family services have continued through the pandemic despite the unpredictable times.

Advisory Board

Chair: Despina Stavrinos
Vice Chair: Reyn Norman
Secretary: Scott Powell

Dear Legislator,

We are pleased to present the 2020 Annual Report for Alabama’s Head and Spinal Cord Injury Trust Fund (AHSCITF). The services available to Alabamians with traumatic brain injuries (TBI) and spinal cord injuries (SCI) equip them to work toward an improved quality of life following injury.

A collaboration between the AHSCITF Advisory Board and public and private organizations – including the Alabama Department of Rehabilitation Services, the Alabama Head Injury Foundation, and the Alabama Department of Public Health – provides life-changing services.

Please join us in expressing our gratitude to the partners and staff who worked tirelessly during an extremely challenging year to improve the lives of Alabamians with traumatic brain and/or spinal cord injury.

Jane Elizabeth Burdeshaw, Commissioner
Alabama Department of Rehabilitation Services

Despina Stavrinos, PhD, Chairman
UAB Injury Control Research Center

What is Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI)?

Traumatic brain injury (TBI) is damage to the brain that results when the head is hit, strikes a stationary object, or is violently shaken. A TBI can occur without any outward physical evidence of trauma. Damage to the brain may occur immediately, or it may develop as a result of swelling or bleeding following injury. Common consequences of TBI can involve sensory, cognitive, behavioral and/or emotional impairments. Brain injuries are classified as mild, moderate or severe depending on the type of injury or pressure and changes in the brain, and can be temporary or lifelong.

Service Components

Through funds provided by the AHSCITF, specific programs have been created and implemented to address the needs of people with TBI and SCI. In Fiscal Year 2020, these programs provided the following services:

* All increases and decreases reflect changes from the prior fiscal year.

**Registry Helpline and Service Linkage**

The Alabama Head and Spinal Cord Injury Registry Helpline, 1-888-879-4706, provided immediate information to 167 callers, a 72 percent increase. There were 4,601 new hospital trauma records that were collected and reviewed, an increase of 6 percent. 2,256 consumers, an increase of 6 percent, were eligible to be contacted to provide information, referral and service linkage.

**Resource Coordination**

This program helped 1,351 consumers and their families find and access the coordinated, community-based assistance needed. This was an increase of 62 percent.

**Interactive Community-Based Model (ICBM)**

Through the efforts of this five-phased rehabilitation program, 371 consumers transitioned from the hospital to home and the community, reducing cost of post-acute care and increasing average salary income for those returning to work. This was an increase of 120 percent.

**Respite Care**

Services were provided to 49 families (a 10 percent decrease), relieving them of the around-the-clock responsibilities of caring for a family member. More than 2,704 hours of in-home care were provided (a 40 percent decrease). Due to Covid-19, demand and ability to send people into homes decreased.

**Recreation**

There were 167 support group meetings (a 5 percent decrease) between in-person and Zoom meetings with more than 3,340 in attendance. This was a 3 percent increase.

Service Linkage System Helpline:
1.888.879.4706